What You Should Know

When you are exposed to traumatic events, such as natural disaster, mass violence, or terrorism, be aware of how these events can affect you personally. Most people show signs of stress after the event. These signs are normal. Over time, as your life gets back to normal, they should decrease. After a stressful event, monitor your own physical and mental health. Know the signs of stress in yourself and your loved ones. Know how to relieve stress. And know when to get help.

Know the Signs of Stress

Your Behavior:

- An increase or decrease in your energy and activity levels.
- An increase in your alcohol, tobacco use, or use of illegal drugs.
- An increase in irritability, with outbursts of anger and frequent arguing.
- Having trouble relaxing or sleeping.
- Crying frequently.
- Worrying excessively.
- Wanting to be alone most of the time.
- Blaming other people for everything.
- Having difficulty communicating or listening.
- Having difficulty giving or accepting help.
- Inability to feel pleasure or have fun.

Your Body:

- Having stomach aches or diarrhea.
- Having headaches and other pains.
- Losing your appetite or eating too much.
- Sweating or having chills.
- Getting tremors or muscle twitches.
- Being easily startled.

Your Emotions:

- Being anxious or fearful.
- Feeling depressed.
- Feeling guilty.
- Feeling angry.
- Feeling heroic, euphoric, or invulnerable.
- Not caring about anything.
- Feeling overwhelmed by sadness.
Your Thinking:
• Having trouble remembering things.
• Feeling confused.
• Having trouble thinking clearly and concentrating.
• Having difficulty making decisions.

Know How To Relieve Stress
You can manage and alleviate your stress by taking time to take care of yourself.

Keep Yourself Healthy:
• Eat healthy foods, and drink water.
• Avoid excessive amounts of caffeine and alcohol.
• Do not use tobacco or illegal drugs.
• Get enough sleep and rest.
• Get physical exercise.

Use Practical Ways To Relax:
Relax your body often by things that work for you—take deep breaths, stretch, meditate, wash your face and hands, or engage in pleasurable hobbies.
Pace yourself between stressful activities, and do a fun thing after a hard task.
Use time off to relax—eat a good meal, read, listen to music, take a bath, or talk to family.
Talk about your feelings to loved ones and friends often.

Pay Attention to Your Body, Feelings, and Spirit:
Recognize and heed early warning signs of stress.
Recognize how your own past experiences affect your way of handling this event, and think of how you handled past events.
Know that feeling stressed, depressed, guilty, or angry is common after a traumatic event.
Connect with other survivors of traumatic events or violent crime, many of whom may experience similar difficulties.
Take time to renew your spirit through meditation, prayer, or helping others in need.

Have a Plan To Manage Your Tasks:
Do the important things first. If necessary, find a safe place to stay. Tell family where you are and how they can contact you. Get water and food. If needed, get papers for your property, insurance, bank, medical records, and job qualifications from agencies if you lost them in the traumatic event. It may take time to feel like you’ve regained control over your life. Be patient with yourself and others.

Know When to Get Help
Sometimes things become so overwhelming that you need help from a mental health or substance abuse professional. If you or someone you know threatens to hurt or kill him/herself or another person; looks for ways to kill him/herself; talks or writes about death, dying, or suicide; feels rage, uncontrolled anger, or desires revenge; or shows signs of stress (listed on this page) for several days or weeks, GET HELP by accessing the resources listed below.
Available Resources

National Suicide Prevention Lifeline Toll-Free: 1 (800) 273-TALK (8255)
www.suicidepreventionlifeline.org

SafePlace: (512) 267-SAFE (7233)
www.safeplace.org
Free counseling for survivors of family violence and sexual assault.

Sol Community Counseling: (512) 366-0954 (intake)
3400 Kerbey Lane (2nd floor), Austin, TX 78703
www.solcommunitycounseling.com
Individual and couples counseling with sliding scale fees.

YW Counseling and Referral Center (YWCRC): (512) 326-1222
2015 South IH 35, Suite 110, Austin, Texas 78741
www.ywca.org/site/pp.asp?c=9oIILUOtGlF&b=374549
Providing individual, couples, and family counseling for women with concerns about depression, anxiety, relationship issues, Post Traumatic Stress, and a host of other problems in living. Sliding-fee scale starts at $5 for those who qualify.

Capital Area Mental Health Center: (512) 302-1000 ext. 100 Main
2824 Real St., Austin, TX 78722
www.camhc.org
Psychological counseling is available at CAMHC for individual adults, couples, families, and children. At times group therapy is also available. Sliding scale fees $10-$50 per session depending on income.

Crisis Chat: Online Emotional Support
www.crisischat.org